In Focus

2BMA CAPITAL

Pakistan Fiscal Summary (9MFY24)

Primary surplus surges as non-markup expenditures kept under check

Pakistan's Fiscal Accounts for 9MFY24 revealed that the country's budget deficit remained relatively stable at 3.7% of GDP as against 3.6% during 9MFY23. Moreover, controlled expenditures enabled the primary surplus to expand by around 3.0x to 1.5% of GDP against 0.6% recorded in 9MFY23.

Key Fiscal Highlights

- Fiscal revenues surged by 41% YoY to PkR 9.8tn during 9MFY24. The improvement stemmed from a 30% increase in tax revenues and a 91% rise in non-tax revenues.
- Pakistan's federal taxes rose 29% YoY to PkR 7.3tn during 9MFY24
 because of a 41% rise in direct taxes and a 64% increase in FED
 collection. Direct tax collection likely benefitted from improved
 corporate profitability. FED, in turn, benefitted from higher levies
 implemented in the tobacco industry.
- Sales tax and customs duty collection growth underperformed because of restricted imports (-8% YoY) and subdued economic activity.
- The surge in non-tax revenues was primarily driven by a higher share of SBP profits (+162% YoY) because of a change in the transfer mechanism and increased petroleum levy collection (+99% YoY) because of the sharp rise in PDL levy (PkR 60/liter) on the sale of Motor Gasoline and HSD.
- Total expenditures rose by 37% YoY to PkR 13.7tn, driven primarily by higher markup expenditures (+54% YoY). The proliferating debt servicing burden can be credited to rising government debt (+25% YoY) and higher interest rates, with peak borrowing rates hovering around 25%.
- Notably, net federal revenues, adjusted for provincial transfers under the NFC award, stood at PkR 5.3tn. This figure stands at PkR 262bn below the markup expenditure, highlighting the government's shrinking fiscal space despite a rising primary surplus.
- Total expenditures stood at 11.5% of GDP (extrapolated) during 9MFY24. When adjusted for markup expenditure, defence expenses, subsidies, and grants, the figure falls to 1.4% of GDP, in line with the previous year.
- In our previous report, we highlighted the unsustainability of Pakistan's fiscal accounts. We think under the next IMF extended fund facility (EFF), the focus will likely be to enhance the country's tax-to-GDP ratio by 2.0pps by tapping the underpenetrated sectors. Moreover, the quantum of subsidies and grants would likely be reduced through energy price revisions, to enable a higher share of development spending.

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Pakistan Fiscal Summary (9MFY24)					
PkR bn	9MFY24	9MFY23	YoY (%)		
Total Revenues	9,780	6,938	41%		
Tax Revenues	7,262	5,618	29%		
Federal	6,712	5,156	30%		
Provincial	551	462	19%		
Non-tax Revenues	2,518	1,321	91%		
Total Expenditures	13,683	10,017	37%		
Current Expenditure	12,333	9,245	33%		
Mark-up	5,518	3,582	54%		
Defence	1,222	1,001	22%		
Dev. Expenditure	1,143	1,060	8%		
Budget Balance	(3,902)	(3,079)	27%		
% of GDP	-3.7%	-3.6%			
Primary Balance	1,615	504	221%		
% of GDP	1.5%	0.6%			
GDP	105,817	84,658	25%		
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Source: MoF, BMA Research

Pakistan Fiscal Revenues (9MFY24)					
PkR bn	9MFY24	9MFY23	YoY (%)		
Total Revenues	9,780	6,938	41%		
Federal Taxes	7,262	5,618	29%		
% of GDP*	9.15%	8.85%			
Direct	3,265	2,309	41%		
Customs	808	701	15%		
Sales	2,237	1,901	18%		
Federal Excise	402	245	64%		
Provincial	551	462	19%		
Non-tax Revenues	2,518	1,321	91%		
SBP Profit	972	371	162%		
Petroleum Levy	720	362	99%		
Dividend	64	52	23%		
*Extrapolated					

Source: MoF, BMA Research

PkR bn	9MFY24	9MFY23	YoY (%)
Total Expenditure	13,683	10,017	37%
Federal	9,124	6,608	38%
Mark-up	5,518	3,582	54%
Defence	1,222	1,001	22%
Subsidies	473	524	-10%
Grants	780	618	26%
Provincial	3,210	2,637	22%
PSDP	1,158	1,014	14%
Federal	270	293	-8%
Provincial	888	721	23%

Source: MoF, BMA Research

BMA Research

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Old rating system

Valuation Methodology

To arrive at our period end target prices, BMA Capital uses different valuation methodologies including

- Discounted cash flow (DCF, DDM)
- Relative Valuation (P/E, P/B, P/S etc.)
- Equity & Asset return based methodologies (EVA, Residual Income etc.)